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Claims

- 1. An antibody comprising donor CDRs derived from an antigen-specific donor antibody of a non-human species and acceptor framework residues derived from a non-human primate.
- 2. The antibody of claim 1 wherein the non-human primate is an old World ape.
- 3. The antibody of claim 2 wherein the Old World ape is Pan troglodytes, Pan paniscus or Gorilla gorilla.
- 4. The antibody of claim 3 wherein the Old World ape is Pan troglodytes.
- 5. The antibody of claim 1 further comprising one or more CDR-contacting residues of the donor antibody.
- 6. The antibody of claim 1 comprising human or Old World ape constant regions.
- 7. The antibody of claim 1 wherein one or more solvent-exposed framework residues are replaced with corresponding residues from a homologous selected non-human primate framework.
- 8. The antibody of claim 1 wherein the non-human primate is an Old World monkey.
- 9. The antibody of claim 8 wherein the Old World monkey genus is Macaca.
- 10. The antibody of claim 9 wherein the Old World monkey is Macaca cynomolgus.
- 11. The antibody of claim 8 further comprising one or more CDR-contacting residues of the donor antibody. $\hat{\ }$
- 12. The antibody of claim 8 comprising human or Old World ape constant regions.



- 13. The antibody of claim 8 wherein one or more solvent-exposed framework residues are replaced with corresponding residues from a homologous selected non-human primate framework.
- 14. A method for making an antibody having reduced immunogenicity in humans comprising grafting CDRs from antigen-specific non-human antibodies onto homologous Old World ape acceptor frameworks.
- 15. The method of claim 14 wherein the Old World ape acceptor framework is from Pan troglodytes, Pan paniscus or Gorilla gorilla.
- 16. The method of claim 15 wherein the Old World ape acceptor framework is from Pan troglodytes.
- 17. A method for making an antibody having reduced immunogenicity in humans comprising grafting CDRs from antigen-specific non-human antibodies onto homologous Old World monkey acceptor frameworks.
- 18. The method of claim 17 wherein the Old World monkey acceptor framework is from the genus Macaca.
- 19. The method of claim 18 whereiin the Old World Monkey acceptor framework is from Macaca cynomolgus.
- 20. A chimpanzee VH acceptor framework I, II and III comprising an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 or 18.
- 21. A chimpanzee VH acceptor framework IV comprising an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NOs: 81, 82, 83, 84 or 85.
- 22. A chimpanzee VK acceptor framework I, II and III comprising an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NOs: 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35 or 36.

- 23. A chimpanzee VK acceptor framework IV comprising an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NOs: 86 or 87.
- 24. A cynomolgus VH acceptor framework I, II and III comprising an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NOs: 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51 or 52.
- 25. A cynomolgus VH acceptor framework IV comprising an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NOs: 88, 89, 90, 91, 92 or 93.
- 26. A cynomolgus VK acceptor framework I, II and III comprising an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NOs: 59, 60, 61, 62, 63 or 64.
- $27.\,$ A cynomolgus VK acceptor framework IV comprising an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NOs: 94, 95 or 96.
- 28. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35 or 36.
- 29. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86 or 87.
- 30. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63 or 64.
- _____31... An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95 or 96.

